Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word that differs from the rest in the position of the main stress.

Question 1:  A. multimedia  B. environment  C. documentary  D. education

Question 2:  A. emergency  B. photography  C. miraculous  D. manufacture

Question 3:  A. superior  B. tranquility  C. convenience  D. entertainment

Question 4:  A. mechanize  B. nonprofit  C. advocate  D. applicant

Question 5:  A. insupportable  B. experimental  C. centenarian  D. confidentially

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the following questions.

Question 6: Tom: “Could you hand me that hammer?” Jack: “______”
A. It’s not very expensive.  B. Yes, please.  C. I’m about to use it.  D. Yes, I’d like to.

Question 7: Are you having a _______ exam before you sit the actual exam in July?
A. fake  B. false  C. mock  D. counterfeit

Question 8: The purpose of the survey was to ______ the inspector with local conditions.
A. inform  B. acquaint  C. instruct  D. notify

Question 9: Most people prefer _______ at home rather than _______ out on rainy days.
A. stay, go  B. staying, go  C. to stay, go  D. staying, going

Question 10: When he woke up, he realized that the things he had dreamt about could not ______ have happened.
A. possibly  B. likely  C. certainly  D. potentially

Question 11: She pointed out that her wages ______ no relation to the amount of work she did.
A. held  B. yielded  C. offered  D. bore

Question 12: Laura: “I’ve got two tickets for the exhibition.” Mary: “______”
A. Oh, let’s go and get the tickets.  B. That’s great! When is it?
C. Oh, anything else?  D. Thanks, I can’t afford the tickets.

Question 13: Time _______ so quickly when you’re doing something enjoyable.
A. passes  B. goes  C. spends  D. takes

Question 14: David: “How have you been recently?” Alex: “______”
A. Pretty busy.  B. It’s too late now.
C. By bus, I think.  D. No, I’m not that busy.

Question 15: Nobody ______ out much hope of finding the missing climbers alive.
A. holds  B. keeps  C. puts  D. finds

Question 16: Everyone expects Johnson to ______ Smith in today’s final.
A. beat  B. draw  C. win  D. lose

Question 17: It is found that the diet of older people is often ______ in vitamins.
A. short  B. inadequate  C. deficient  D. failing
Question 18: You want to sell for $120, and I want to buy for $100. Let’s _____ the difference and close the deal at $110.
A. avoid B. split C. agree D. decrease

Question 19: I always enjoy our school ________ to France.
A. excursion B. journey C. trip D. travel

Question 20: Waiter: “______” Mr. Smith: “I ordered boiled chicken. This is fried chicken.”
A. What would you like? B. Would you like boiled chicken or fried chicken?
C. How would you like it? D. Is something the matter, Sir?

Question 21: You __________ that book last year – it only came out two weeks ago.
A. can’t have read B. mustn’t have read C. shouldn’t have read D. needn’t have read

Question 22: A few jokes always _______ up the lecture.
A. raise B. inspire C. liven D. loosen

Question 23: _______ they make show that young children are capable of arriving at surprisingly subtle grammatical generalizations.
A. The mistake B. The very mistakes C. Very some mistakes D. Very mistakes

Question 24: At the start of the 20th century, it became _______ that science was becoming more complicated and more expensive.
A. accurate B. actual C. true D. clear

Question 25: Do you know who __________ the fact that sound travels in waves?
A. invented B. discovered C. developed D. found

Question 26: The party was a total disaster. I would rather ______________ there.
A. not have come B. you have not come C. you didn’t come D. not come

Question 27: The newspaper didn’t mention the _____ of the damage caused by the fire.
A. range B. extent C. amount D. quantity

Question 28: The postman couldn’t make out ______ addressed to, so he took it back.
A. the letter B. who the letter was C. where the letter was D. the letter was

Question 29: Not only _____, it also performs an essential function in the reproduction of the plant.
A. the flower looks beautiful B. the flower is looking beautiful
C. does the flower look beautiful D. the beautiful flower

Question 30: After the accident, there was considerable doubt ______ exactly what had happened.
A. in B. as to C. with D. for

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Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

In most discussions of cultural diversity, attention has focused on visible, explicit aspects of culture, such as language, dress, food, religion, music, and social rituals. Although they are important, these visible expressions of culture, which are taught deliberately and learned consciously, are only the tip of the iceberg of culture. Much of culture is taught and learned implicitly, or outside awareness. Thus, neither cultural insiders nor cultural outsiders are aware that certain “invisible” aspects of their culture exist.

Invisible elements of culture are important to us. For example, how long we can be late before being impolite, what topics we should avoid in a conversation, how we show interest or attention through listening behaviour, what we consider beautiful or ugly—these are all aspects of culture that we learn and use without being aware of it. When we meet other people whose invisible cultural assumptions differ from those we have learned implicitly, we usually do not recognize their behaviour as cultural in origin.

Differences in invisible culture can cause problems in cross-cultural relations. Conflicts may arise when we are unable to recognize others’ behavioural differences as cultural rather than personal. We
tend to misinterpret other people’s behaviour, blame them, or judge their intentions or competence without realizing that we are experiencing cultural rather than individual differences.

Formal organizations and institutions, such as schools, hospitals, workplaces, governments, and the legal system are collection sites for invisible cultural differences. If the differences were more visible, we might have less misunderstanding. For example, if we met a man in a courthouse who was wearing exotic clothes, speaking a language other than ours, and carrying food that looked strange, we would not assume that we understood his thoughts and feelings or that he understood ours. Yet when such a man is dressed similarly to us, speaks our language, and does not differ from us in other obvious ways, we may fail to recognize the invisible cultural differences between us. As a result, mutual misunderstanding may arise.

Question 31: What is the main purpose of the passage?
A. To explain the importance of invisible aspects of culture.
B. To describe cultural diversity.
C. To point out that much of culture is learned consciously.
D. To explain why cross-cultural conflict occurs.

Question 32: The word “rituals” in paragraph 1 is closest in meaning to __________.
A. aspects  B. assumptions  C. formalities  D. cultures

Question 33: The phrase “the tip of the iceberg” in paragraph 1 means that __________.
A. other cultures seem cold to us
B. visible aspects of culture are learned in formal institutions
C. we usually focus on the highest forms of culture
D. most aspects of culture cannot be seen

Question 34: Which of the following was NOT mentioned as an example of invisible culture?
A. What food to eat in a courthouse
B. How late is considered impolite
C. What topics to avoid in conversation
D. How people express interest in what others are saying

Question 35: The word “those” in paragraph 2 refers to__________.
A. people who speak a different language  B. invisible cultural assumptions
C. people from a different culture  D. topics that should be avoided in conversation

Question 36: It can be inferred from paragraph 3 that conflict results when __________.
A. people compete with those from other cultures
B. people think cultural differences are personal
C. some people recognize more cultural differences than others
D. one culture is more invisible than another culture

Question 37: The author implies that institutions such as schools and workplaces __________.
A. are aware of cultural differences  B. reinforce invisible cultural differences
C. teach their employees about cultural differences  D. share a common culture

Question 38: Which of the following would most likely result in misunderstanding?
A. Learning about our own culture in school
B. Strange behaviour from someone speaking our language
C. Strange behaviour from someone speaking a foreign language
D. Unusual food being cooked by foreign visitors

Question 39: The word “exotic” in paragraph 4 could best be replaced by__________.
A. formal  B. informal  C. foreign  D. expensive

Question 40: The following sentence can be added to paragraph 2 of the passage.
Rather, we see them as rude or uncooperative, and we may apply labels to them, such as “passive aggressive.”
Where would it best fit in the paragraph? Choose A, B, C or D.
A. Invisible elements of culture are important to us. B For example, how long we can be late before being impolite, what topics we should avoid in a conversation, how we show interest or attention through listening behaviour, what we consider beautiful or ugly—these are all aspects of culture that we learn and use without being aware of it. C When we meet other people whose invisible cultural assumptions differ from those we have learned implicitly, we usually do not recognize their behaviour as cultural in origin. D

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that is CLOSEST in meaning to each of the original sentences.

Question 41: The deciding match of the series will take place tomorrow afternoon, weather permitting.
A. The match that will determine the series’ winner will be played tomorrow afternoon if the weather is fine.
B. Even if the weather is bad, tomorrow’s match, which will decide the winner of the series, will be played.
C. The weather will probably not permit the match to be played tomorrow afternoon.
D. It would be unfortunate if the weather did not permit tomorrow’s match to be played, as it will determine the winner.

Question 42: “Why don’t we stay for another two days in this fantastic resort?” said Nancy to her husband.
A. Nancy asked her husband the reason why they wouldn’t be able to stay at that beautiful resort for two days.
B. Talking to her husband, Nancy suggested extending their holiday in that marvellous resort two more days.
C. Nancy and her husband liked the resort so much that they wanted to extend their holiday two more days.
D. Nancy couldn’t think of a reason why they couldn’t stay at that wonderful resort for two days.

Question 43: Almost everybody in the hotel took advantage of its free bus to the beach.
A. Hardly anybody who was staying in the hotel travelled to the beach on its free bus.
B. Nearly everyone who was on the beach had taken the free bus from the hotel.
C. Everyone in the hotel saw its free bus to the beach as the best way to get there.
D. Only a few of the guests didn’t use the hotel’s bus, which was free, to get to the beach.

Question 44: You can cancel your ticket with a full refund only if you do so one week before your scheduled departure.
A. You can apply for a full refund for your ticket within a week if you’ve had a change of plans and can’t make the flight.
B. When you purchase a ticket for a flight, it’s impossible to get a refund on it in advance of the date that your flight will be leaving.
C. In order to get all the money you’ve paid for the ticket back, the cancellation has to be done seven days prior to your plane’s scheduled take-off.
D. When a flight has been cancelled by the airlines, you must ask for a full refund within one week of the date of departure.

Question 45: It seems to me that we’ve taken the wrong train.
A. The train turned out to be not the one we were supposed to have taken.
B. I have a feeling that this train is not the one we should be on.
C. I wish we had been more careful and taken the right train from the station.
D. There is no chance that we’ll catch the train that we are supposed to.
Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct word for each of the blanks.

First-time visitors to India are 46. _________ to be impressed by how profoundly astrology influences almost every facet of life on the subcontinent. In fact, the belief that the motions of remote heavenly bodies can affect events on Earth is so 47. _________ that several Indian universities 48. _________ courses in the subject. It is not, therefore, surprising that many people will 49. _________ an astrologer before they take any important step. For example, Indian marriages are arranged with the aid of an astrologer, who will cast the horoscopes of the bride and groom, and also 50. _________ out the best date for the wedding to take place. A few years ago in Delhi, thousands of couples rushed to get married on a particularly auspicious day, with the result that priests, brass bands and wedding photographers were 51. _________ short supply.

The role of astrology is not confined only to the social aspects of Indian life. Few people conduct business without 52. _________ to their astrologer. Major films are only 53. _________ on auspicious dates. Even 54. _________ of state are not exempt from its influence: when India gained her independence from Britain in 1947, the 55. _________ of power was carefully timed to take place after a particularly inauspicious period had passed.

Question 46: A. probable  B. possible  C. likely  D. potential
Question 47: A. widespread  B. overwhelming  C. intensive  D. capacious
Question 48: A. offer  B. afford  C. supply  D. serve
Question 49: A. interrogate  B. confer  C. interview  D. consult
Question 50: A. make  B. work  C. calculate  D. determine
Question 51: A. in  B. on  C. of  D. for
Question 52: A. resigning  B. resorting  C. resolving  D. reserving
Question 53: A. published  B. released  C. aired  D. revealed
Question 54: A. affairs  B. cases  C. issues  D. topics
Question 55: A. delivery  B. inheritance  C. succession  D. transfer

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the underlined part that needs correction.

Question 56: Fiber is important (A) element in (B) nutrition, and it aids in protecting (C) the digestive tract as well (D).

Question 57: A (A) million of (B) tourists all over (C) the world visit (D) New York every year.

Question 58: That (A) cats have (B) nine lives (C) have been believed (D) for centuries.

Question 59: “Would (A) you like another drink (B)?” - “I wouldn’t speak (C) no (D).”

Question 60: Of the two lectures, the first (A) was by far the best (B) partly because the person who (C) delivered it had such a (D) dynamic style.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the sentence that best combines each pair of sentences in the following questions.

Question 61: Jane Eyre is a novel by English writer Charlotte Brontë. It is one of my favourite books.  
A. I like Jane Eyre because it is a novel by English writer Charlotte Brontë.  
B. Jane Eyre, a novel by English writer Charlotte Brontë, is one of the books I like most.  
C. One of my favourite books is a novel entitled Charlotte Brontë by Jane Eyre.

Question 62: Mary was sick. She didn’t leave the meeting until it ended.  
A. In spite of the fact that Mary’s sickness, she didn’t leave the meeting until it ended.  
B. Mary didn’t leave the meeting until it ended despite she was sick.  
C. When the meeting ended, Mary left because she was sick.  
D. Though sick, Mary didn’t leave the meeting until it ended.
Question 63: He wanted to give the ball a powerful kick. He used the top of his foot.
   A. He gave the ball a powerful kick to use the top of his foot.
   B. Using the top of his foot, he kicked a powerful ball.
   C. He used the top of his foot to give the ball a powerful kick.
   D. What he wants to do is give the ball a powerful kick and use the top of his foot.

Question 64: Our flight was delayed. We decided to take a long walk around the terminal.
   A. Since our flight was delayed, we decided to take a long walk around the terminal.
   B. We have been taking a long walk around the terminal since our flight was delayed.
   C. We have been walking around the terminal for a long time since the delay of our flight.
   D. We decided to take a long walk around the terminal in case our flight was delayed.

Question 65: Pollution diminishes the quality of our lives. That is hard to deny.
   A. It’s pollution that diminishes the quality of our lives is hard to deny.
   B. It’s hard to deny pollution that diminishes the quality of our lives.
   C. It’s hard to deny that pollution diminishes the quality of our lives.
   D. Pollution diminishes the quality of our lives is hard to deny.

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is CLOSEST in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 66: I think the medicine is beginning to wear off.
   A. stop being effective  B. take effect  C. be put in a bottle  D. be swallowed

Question 67: “What I’ve got to say to you now is strictly off the record and most certainly not for publication,” said the government official to the reporter.
   A. beside the point  B. not recorded  C. not popular  D. not yet official

Question 68: A lack of qualifications can be a major obstacle to finding a job.
   A. impediment  B. encouragement  C. impetus  D. assistance

Mark the letter A, B, C or D on your answer sheet to indicate the word or phrase that is OPPOSITE in meaning to the underlined part in each of the following questions.

Question 69: It was apparent from her face that she was really upset.
   A. obvious  B. indistinct  C. transparent  D. evident

Question 70: My cousin tends to look on the bright side in any circumstance.
   A. be optimistic  B. be pessimistic  C. be confident  D. be smart

Read the following passage and mark the letter A, B, C, or D on your answer sheet to indicate the correct answer to each of the questions.

On March 25, 1911, one of the five hundred employees of the Triangle Shirtwaist factory in New York noticed that a rag bin near her eighth-floor work station was on fire. Workers immediately tried to extinguish the flames. Their efforts prove futile, as piles of fabric ignited all over the eighth floor. The manager of the factory ordered his employees to unroll the fire extinguisher hose, but they found it rotted and useless.

The shirt factory occupied the top three floors of the ten-story Asch Building. The seventy employees who worked on the tenth floor escaped the fire by way of the staircases or climbed onto the roof, where students from New York University, located across the street, stretched ladders over to the Asch Building.

The 260 workers on the ninth floor had the worst luck of all. Although the eighth-floor workers tried to warn them by telephone, the call did not reach them, and by the time they learned about the fire, their routes of escape were mostly blocked. Some managed to climb down the cables of the freight elevator. Others crammed into the narrow stairway. Still others climbed onto the single, inadequately
constructed fire escape. But that spindly structure could not support the weight of hundreds of people, and it separated from the wall, falling to the ground and carrying many people with it.

To combat the disaster, the New York Fire Department sent thirty five pieces of equipment, including a hook and ladder. The young women trapped on the ninth-floor window ledge watched in horror as the ladder, fully raised, stopped far below them, reaching only as far as the sixth floor.

Within minutes, the factory—a fire trap typical of the period’s working conditions—was consumed by flame, killing 146 workers, mostly immigrant women. City officials set up a temporary morgue on 26th Street, and over the next few days streams of survivors filed through the building to identify the dead.

The Triangle Shirtwaist fire brought a public outcry for laws to regulate the safety of working conditions. The New York Factory Investigating Commission was formed to examine the working conditions in factories throughout the state. Their report introduced many new regulations. The fire had occurred during an era of progressive reform that was beginning to sweep the nation, as people decided that government had a responsibility to ensure that private industry protected the welfare of working people.

**Question 71:** What does the passage mainly discuss?
A. The causes of a fire in a shirt factory  
B. Working conditions in New York City  
C. Escaping from a fire in a shirt factory  
D. The events surrounding a tragic fire

**Question 72:** The word “ignited” in paragraph 1 could best be replaced by____________.
A. became wet  
B. caught fire  
C. exploded  
D. spread

**Question 73:** According to the passage, the fire began____________.
A. on the ninth floor  
B. when a worker dropped a cigarette  
C. when some rags started burning  
D. when a pile of fabric rotted

**Question 74:** Why does the writer mention the fire extinguisher hose in paragraph 1?
A. To emphasize the unsafe working conditions  
B. To show the manager’s competence  
C. To illustrate the factory’s modern technology  
D. To explain how the fire was eventually put out.

**Question 75:** How did many workers on the top floor manage to escape?
A. On the fire escape  
B. On the elevator  
C. On ladders  
D. On ropes

**Question 76:** The phrase “Still others” in paragraph 3 refers to __________.
A. The eighth floor workers  
B. The ninth floor workers  
C. the routes of escape  
D. the people in the freight elevator

**Question 77:** It can be inferred from paragraph 4 that__________.
A. New York had a well-equipped fire department  
B. fire fighters were able to rescue the women on the ninth floor  
C. the women on the window ledge probably died  
D. the women probably took the stairs down to the sixth floor

**Question 78:** According to the passage, most of the workers who died in the fire ____________.
A. were university students  
B. had only worked there for a short time  
C. worked on the tenth floor  
D. were immigrant women

**Question 79:** The phrase “beginning to sweep the nation” in paragraph 6 means ____________.
A. changing politics  
B. becoming more popular  
C. investigating the government  
D. starting a controversy

**Question 80:** Which of the following could NOT be inferred from the passage?
A. The Triangle Shirtwaist fire influenced public opinion.  
B. The Triangle Shirtwaist factory was rebuilt.  
C. After the fire, new regulations improved working conditions in factories.  
D. Disasters can lead to a demand for reform.

THE END